

Overall Results:

1	2	22	4
FAIL	WARNING	PASS	INFO

PARENT		
Status	Test Name	Information
PASS	Parent zone provides NS records	<p>Parent zone exists and provides NS records. This is good because some domains, usually third or fourth level domains, such as 'example.co.us' do not have a direct parent zone. This is legal but can cause confusion. The NS Records provided are (nameserver IP Address TTL):</p> <p>ns2.thesocialmediaevent.com. 184.107.152.67 ns1.thesocialmediaevent.com. 184.107.152.66</p>
PASS	Number of nameservers	<p>At least 2 (RFC2182 section 5 recommends at least 3), but fewer than 8 NS records exist (RFC1912 section 2.8 recommends that you have no more than 7). This meets the RFC minimum requirements, but is lower than the upper limits that some domain registrars have on the number of nameservers. A larger number of nameservers reduce the load on each and, since they should be located in different locations, prevent a single point of failure. The NS Records provided are:</p> <p>ns2.thesocialmediaevent.com. 184.107.152.67 TTL=172800 ns1.thesocialmediaevent.com. 184.107.152.66 TTL=172800</p>

NS		
Status	Test Name	Information
PASS	Unique nameserver IPs	<p>All nameserver addresses are unique. The Nameservers provided are nameservers that supply answers for your zone, including those responsible for your mailservers or nameservers A records. If any are missing a name (No Name Provided), it is because they did not send an A record when asked for data or were not specifically asked for that data:</p> <p>ns2.thesocialmediaevent.com. 184.107.152.67 ns1.thesocialmediaevent.com. 184.107.152.66</p>
PASS	All nameservers respond	<p>All nameservers responded. We were able to get a timely response for NS records from your nameservers, which indicates that they are running correctly and your zone (domain) is valid. The Nameservers provided are nameservers that supply answers for your zone, including those responsible for your mailservers or nameservers A records. If any are missing a name (No Name Provided), it is because they did not send an A record when asked for data or were not specifically asked for that data:</p> <p>ns2.thesocialmediaevent.com. 184.107.152.67 ns1.thesocialmediaevent.com. 184.107.152.66</p>
PASS	Open DNS servers	<p>Nameservers do not respond to recursive queries. Your DNS servers do not announce that they are open DNS servers (i.e. answering recursively). Although there is a slight chance that they really are open DNS servers, this is very unlikely. Open DNS servers increase the chances of cache poisoning, can degrade performance of your DNS, and can cause your DNS servers to be used in an attack, so it is imperative that externally facing DNS servers do not recursively answer queries.</p>
PASS	All nameservers authoritative	<p>All nameservers answered authoritatively for the zone. This indicates that the zones for this domain are set up correctly on your nameservers and that we should be able to get good responses to further queries.</p>
PASS	NS list matches parent list	<p>NS list matches list from parent zone. This indicates that your parent nameservers are 'aware' of the correct authoritative nameservers for your domain. This ensures less overhead for DNS queries, because an extra DNS resolution step is not required.</p>
PASS	NS address list matches parent zone	<p>NS addresses matches list from parent zone. This indicates that your parent nameservers are 'aware' of the correct authoritative nameservers for your domain. This ensures less overhead for DNS queries, because an extra DNS resolution step is not required.</p>
PASS	Stealth nameservers	<p>No stealth nameservers discovered. There is very little chance that there will be 'confusion' when resolving your domain records from the parent nameservers. There appear to be no 'extra' nameservers listed that the parent might try to refer to and cause DNS resolution delays.</p>
INFO	Stealth nameservers respond	<p>No stealth nameservers to test. This is simply a note to indicate that you do not have any stealth nameservers to test, which is what is normally expected of domains.</p>
PASS	TCP allowed	<p>All nameservers respond to queries via TCP. It is important that your DNS servers respond to both TCP and UDP connections. TCP Port 53 is used for large queries and responses, zone transfers, and is part of the DNSSEC standard.</p>
WARN	Nameserver software version	<p>One or more nameservers responded to version queries. This can be considered a breach of security. If a malicious person or program had access to a version-specific exploit for your DNS server, displaying the version info openly will make their attack much easier. This should be removed or obscured. The nameservers that responded to version queries are:</p> <p>184.107.152.66 responded with "9.8.2rc1-RedHat-9.8.2-0.37.rc1.el6_7.6" 184.107.152.67 responded with "9.8.2rc1-RedHat-9.8.2-0.37.rc1.el6_7.6"</p>
PASS	All nameservers have identical records	<p>All of your nameservers are providing the same list of nameservers.</p>
PASS	All nameserver addresses are public	<p>All of your nameserver addresses are public. If there were any private IPs, they would not be reachable, causing DNS delays.</p>

SOA

Status	Test Name	Information
PASS	SOA record check	All nameservers provided a SOA record for the zone. This is good because your nameservers should be configured in a master slave relationship, which allows uniform updates and agreement of resource record data. The SOA records provided are: Primary nameserver: ns1.thesocialmediaevent.com. Hostmaster E-mail address: factoria@gmail.com. Serial #: 2015061704 Refresh: 43200 Retry: 7200 Expire: 1209600 Minimum: 86400
PASS	SOA serial agreement	All nameserver SOAs agree on the serial number. This means that your nameservers are using the same data (unless you have different sets of data with the same serial number, which would be very bad)!
PASS	SOA field check	All SOA fields are within recommended ranges. This is good because maintaining the proper values within your SOA reduces the amount of unnecessary network traffic, but ensures that your records are updated in a timely manner.

MX		
Status	Test Name	Information
WARN	MX records check	Only one MX record exists within the zone. This is ok, but it is a better practice to have at least two mail servers operating on a domain, to ensure more reliable mail deliverability. The MX record provided is: preference = 0 mail.cursosdecommunitymanagergratis.com. [184.107.152.66]
PASS	Differing mailserver addresses	All hostnames referenced by MX records resolve to different IP addresses. It is important that you have different IP addresses for your MX records, as it ensures that there is not a single point of failure for mail delivery. The hostname IP addresses are: 184.107.152.66 has mail.cursosdecommunitymanagergratis.com. 184.107.152.66 listed. 184.107.152.67 has mail.cursosdecommunitymanagergratis.com. 184.107.152.66 listed.
PASS	Reverse DNS entries for MX servers	All addresses referenced by MX records have matching reverse DNS entries. This is good because many mail platforms and spam-prevention schemes require consistency between MX hostnames and IP address PTR records, aka reverse DNS.

MAIL		
Status	Test Name	Information
PASS	All IP addresses public	All mailserver IP addresses are public. If there were any private IPs, they would not be reachable.
FAIL	Connect to mail server	All connections to Mailservers port 25 have failed. The standard port for SMTP transactions is 25, so your servers should be operating on that port. It is recommended that it be fixed in order for your mail service to operate properly. The Mail Servers that failed are: 184.107.152.66 failed message send with: messaging failure: Time out occurred or Remote server closed connection prematurely

WWW		
Status	Test Name	Information
INFO	WWW record check	Domain has a WWW hostname provided through one or more CNAME lookups, which will slow down clients attempting to resolve this host. www.cursosdecommunitymanagergratis.com. cursosdecommunitymanagergratis.com. 14400 cursosdecommunitymanagergratis.com. 184.107.152.66 14400
PASS	Domain record	The domain literal has an address record, the records found are: cursosdecommunitymanagergratis.com. 184.107.152.66 14400
PASS	IP Address(es) valid	All addresses are public. If there were any private IPs, they would not be reachable, causing problems reaching your web site.
PASS	WWW enabled	We connected to WWW, the title data found is: 184.107.152.66 : 2b Cursos de Community Manager Gratis
PASS	SSL enabled	SSL is enabled. This is good since this will encrypt data that passes from your customer's computer to your website, helping to prevent hackers from using this data. The certificate data is: 184.107.152.66 : certificate issuer [CN = server.thesocialmediaevent.com, emailAddress = ssl@server.thesocialmediaevent.com]; subject [CN = server.thesocialmediaevent.com, emailAddress = ssl@server.thesocialmediaevent.com]

DNSSEC		
Status	Test Name	Information
INFO	DNSSEC records check	No DNSSEC records created for this zone. Many major institutions and government agencies are planning to move to DNSSEC. You may want to consider an implementation plan for the zone specified. If you implemented DNSSEC for your zone we would be able to run further tests.

SPF		
Status	Test Name	Information
INFO	SPF record check	This domain does not have an SPF record, nor an SPF formatted TXT record. SPF stands for Sender Policy Framework and is intended as an anti-forgery email solution (See RFC4408). Many spammers have adopted this mechanism and SPF records alone may not be sufficient to stop spam.

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